

## Patent claims

1. Method for digital filtering of a time-discrete input  
5 signal, which has been produced by interpolation of a time-  
discrete pilot signal, whereby the frequency of the input  
signal is unequal to the frequency of the pilot signal and  
values of an output signal from the digital filtering are  
computed as a function of values of the input signal  
10 originating from various times in the past, wherein the  
values of the input signal are compressed and stored in  
compressed form.
2. Method according to claim 1, wherein the values of the  
15 input signal are compressed without any loss.
3. Method according to claim 1, wherein the values of the  
input signal are run-length-coded.
- 20 4. Method according to claim 1, wherein the values of the  
input signal are divided into symbol periods (D0-D5), in  
which a coherent range of memory values of the input  
signal, which are different from one another, and one  
coherent range or two coherent ranges of constants of the  
25 input signal, which are equal to the preceding value of the  
input signal, arise in each case and only the memory values  
of the input signal and the total value number of the  
symbol periods (D0-D5) are stored.
- 30 5. Method according to claim 4, wherein when a specific  
stored value of the input signal is accessed it is  
determined as a function of the lengths of stored symbol  
periods (D0-D5) to which symbol periods (D0-D5) the

specific value of the input signal belongs, at which point the specific value of the input signal is located in the symbol period and dependent on whether the point of the specific value within the symbol period corresponds to a memory value or a constant, a corresponding memory value of the input signal or a reconstructed constant is used as specific value.

6. Method according to claim 4, wherein the memory values of the different symbol periods (D0-D5) are seamlessly input into a memory.

7. Method according to claim 1, wherein the values of the input signal are divided into symbol periods (D0-D5), in which an invariable number of memory values of the input signal, the number of memory values being determined as a function of the order of the interpolation, and one coherent range or two coherent ranges of constants of the input signal arise, whereby the constants are values of the input signal which are equal to the value of the preceding input signal, and only the stored values and the total value number of the symbol periods (D0-D5) are stored.

8. Method according to claim 7, wherein when a specific stored value of the input signal is accessed it is determined as a function of the lengths of stored symbol periods (D0-D5) to which symbol periods (D0-D5) the specific value of the input signal belongs, at which point the specific value of the input signal is located in the symbol period and dependent on whether the point of the specific value within the symbol period corresponds to a memory value or a constant, a corresponding memory value of

the input signal or a reconstructed constant is used as specific value.

9. Method according to claim 7, wherein the memory values  
5 of the different symbol periods (D0-D5) are seamlessly  
input into a memory.

10. Method according to claim 1, wherein the values of the  
input signal are stored in a compressing first-in-first-out  
10 memory.

11. Method according to claim 1, wherein the digital filter  
is implemented as a comb filter.

15 12. Method according to claim 1, wherein the input signal  
is produced by integer or non-integer amount frequency  
multiplication of the pilot signal.

13 Method according to claim 1, wherein the digital  
20 filtering is an anti-aliasing filtering.

14. Device for the digital filtering of a time-discrete  
input signal with a synchronizer for production of the  
input signal by interpolation of a time-discrete pilot  
25 signal, whereby the frequency of the input signal is  
unequal to the frequency of the pilot signal and the device  
is equipped in such a manner that it can compute values of  
an output signal from values of the input signal  
originating at various times in the past, wherein the  
30 device is equipped in such a manner that it can compress  
and store compressed values of the input signal needed in  
order to compute values of the output signal.